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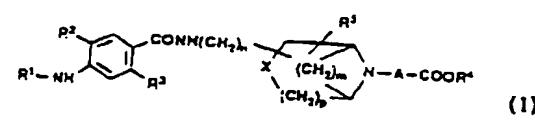
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㉓ **BENZAMIDE DERIVATIVE.**

㉔ A benzamide derivative represented by general formula (I) and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R¹ represents hydrogen or lower alkanoyl; R² represents hydrogen or halogen; R³ represents lower alkoxy; R⁴ represents hydrogen or lower alkyl; R⁵ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl or lower alkoxy; A represents C₁ to C₇ alkylene which may be substituted by lower alkyl; X represents methylene, oxygen or sulfur; m represents an integer of 0 to 3; n represents an integer of 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of 0 to 2. These compounds are useful because of their activity of enhancing the function of a digestive tract, and a pharmaceutical composition containing the same as the active ingredient is useful for treating digestive system diseases.

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Technical Field

5 The present invention relates to novel benzamide derivatives which have excellent gastrointestinal stimulating activity and antiemetic activity and are useful as medicament for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases. The present invention further relates to a method for preparing said benzamide derivatives and a pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases comprising said benzamide derivative as an active ingredient.

Background Art

10 Since the development of Metoclopramide (The Merck Index, 11th Edition, 6063) as an antiemetic agent and a gastrointestinal prokinetic agent, various substituted benzamide derivatives having antiemetic activity and gastrointestinal stimulating activity have been provided.

15 For example, The Merck Index (11th edition, 2344) discloses Clebopride which is a benzamide derivative having a piperidine ring and is useful as antiulcer agent. The Merck Index (11th edition, 2318) discloses Cisapride useful as a gastrointestinal prokinetic agent. These drugs are widely used clinically. In addition, Japanese Patent Unexamined Publication No. (Sho)55-92384 discloses that benzamide derivatives substituted with an azabicyclo ring have antiemetic activity and gastrointestinal stimulating activity and that they are useful as an antiemetic agent and a gastrointestinal prokinetic agent.

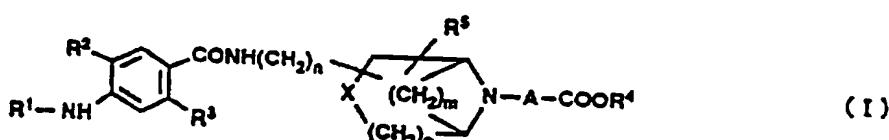
20 However, these substituted benzamide derivatives are not sufficiently useful since they do not have stimulating activity on lower digestive tracts such as the large intestine, although they have stimulating activity on upper digestive tracts such as the stomach. Furthermore, these substituted benzamide derivatives are not satisfactory from a safe standpoint since they sometimes cause adverse reactions such as extrapyramidal syndrome or hyperprolactinemia.

25 Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide medicament for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases having stimulating activity not only on upper digestive tract but on lower digestive tract and reduced side effects.

30 The inventors of the present invention conducted various studies to achieve the aforementioned object, and found that novel benzamide derivatives of the present invention have stimulating activity both on upper digestive tract and lower digestive tract. The inventors also found that these novel benzamide derivatives have reduced side effects and are useful as medicament for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases having excellent selectivity. The present invention was achieved on the basis of these findings.

Disclosure of the Invention

35 The present invention provides benzamide derivatives represented by the following formula (I):



wherein, R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkanoyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom; R³ represents a lower alkoxy group; R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group; R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower alkoxy group; A represents C₁-C₇ alkylene group which may optionally be substituted with a lower alkyl group; X represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom, or a sulfur atom; m represents an integer of from 0 to 3; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of from 0 to 2, or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof. The benzamide derivatives are useful since they have gastrointestinal stimulating activity.

50 According to another embodiment of the present invention, a method for preparing said benzamide derivatives is provided.

55 According to yet another embodiment of the present invention, a pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases which comprises said benzamide derivative as an active ingredient. The pharmaceutical composition is useful as, for example, a gastrointestinal prokinetic agent, an

antiemetic agent, an agent for the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome, and agent for the treatment of constipation.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

5

In the aforementioned formula (I), a lower alkanoyl group represented by R¹ may be, for example, formyl group, acetyl group, propanoyl group, butyroyl group, or trimethylacetyl group. A halogen atom represented by R² may be, for example, a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, or a bromine atom. A lower alkoxy group represented by R³ and R⁵ may be, for example, methoxy group, ethoxy group, propoxy represented by R⁴ and R⁵ or a lower alkyl group which may optionally substitute on the alkylene group represented by A may be, for example, methyl group, ethyl group, n-propyl group, isopropyl group, n-butyl group, or tert-butyl group. R⁵ and Ph-CONH(CH₂)_n- (wherein Ph represents a substituted phenyl) may substitute at any position of a ring comprising X and N.

15

Examples of pharmacologically acceptable salts of the benzamide derivatives of the present invention include alkali-addition salts or acid-addition salts. Examples of the alkali-addition salts include, for example, inorganic alkali-addition salts such as, for example, sodium salt, potassium salt, calcium salt, and ammonium salt, and organic base-addition salts such as, for example, ethylenediamine salt, ethanolamine salt, N,N-dialkylethanolamine salt, and triethanolamine salt. Examples of the acid addition salts include, for example, inorganic acid-addition salts such as, for example, hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, sulfate, nitrate, and phosphate, and organic acid-addition salts such as, for example, acetate, maleate, fumarate, citrate, oxalate, tartrate, malate, mandelate, methanesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate, and 10-camphorsulfonate.

20

The benzamide derivatives of the present invention represented by the above-described formula (I) may optionally have an asymmetric carbon atom. Each of enantiomers distinguished by the asymmetric carbon atom, an arbitrary mixture thereof, and racemate, i.e., equimolar mixture thereof, fall within the scope of the present invention. Where the benzamide derivatives of the present invention have more than one asymmetric carbon atoms, each diastereomer and an arbitrary mixture of the diastereomers also fall within the scope of the present invention.

25

The benzamide derivatives of the present invention may be in any one of possible conformations. For instance, where the compounds of the aforementioned formula (I) wherein p is 1, piperidine, morpholine, or thiamorpholine ring substituted with Ph-CONH(CH₂)_n- group may be in any one of configurations selected from chair form, boat form, or twist-boat form. In the specification, compounds having Ph-CONH(CH₂)_n- group and -(CH₂)_m- cross linking group above the same side of a ring plane comprising X and N are referred to as endo-compounds, and compounds having each of the groups above the opposite sides of the plane are referred to as exo-compounds.

Preferred embodiments of the benzamide derivatives of the present invention include the following compounds:

- (1) ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate;
- (2) ethyl exo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate;
- (3) ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate;
- (4) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate;
- (5) ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
- (6) ethyl exo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
- (7) ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
- (8) ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionate;
- (9) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionate;
- (10) ethyl endo-5-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
- (11) methyl endo-6-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valerate;
- (12) methyl endo-7-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]hexanoate;
- (13) methyl endo-8-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]heptanoate;
- (14) ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]octanoate;
- (15) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
- (16) ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
- (17) ethyl exo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate;
- (18) ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate;
- (19) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate;
- (20) ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;

(21) ethyl exo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (22) ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (23) ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 propionate;
 (24) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (25) ethyl endo-5-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valerate;
 (26) methyl endo-6-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 hexanoate;
 (27) methyl endo-7-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 heptanoate;
 (28) methyl endo-8-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 octanoate;
 (29) ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (30) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (31) ethyl exo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate;
 (32) ethyl exo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate;
 (33) ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate;
 (34) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate;
 (35) ethyl exo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (36) ethyl exo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (37) ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (38) ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (39) ethyl endo-2-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionate;
 (40) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (41) ethyl endo-5-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valerate;
 (42) ethyl endo-6-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]hexanoate;
 (43) methyl endo-7-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]heptanoate;
 (44) ethyl endo-8-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]octanoate;
 (45) ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (46) ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate;
 (47) ethyl endo-[3-[4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (48) ethyl endo-4-[3-[4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 butyrate;
 (49) ethyl endo-[3-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (50) ethyl endo-4-[3-(2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 butyrate;
 (51) ethyl endo-[3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (52) ethyl endo-4-[3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-
 butyrate;
 (53) exo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetic acid;
 (54) exo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyric acid;
 (55) endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetic acid;
 (56) endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyric acid;
 (57) exo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid;
 (58) exo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid;
 (59) endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid;
 (60) endo-3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid;
 (61) endo-2-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionic acid;
 (62) endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionic acid;
 (63) endo-5-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid;
 (64) endo-6-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valeric acid;
 (65) endo-7-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]hexanoic acid;
 (66) endo-8-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]heptanoic acid;
 (67) endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]octanoic acid;
 (68) endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid;
 (69) endo-[3-[4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate;
 (70) endo-4-[3-[4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid;
 (71) endo-[3-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetoc acid;

(72) endo-4-[3-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid;
 (73) endo-[3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid;
 (74) endo-4-[3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid;
 (75) ethyl [4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetate;
 5 (76) ethyl 2-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionate;
 (77) ethyl 3-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionate;
 (78) ethyl 4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]butyrate;
 (79) ethyl 5-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]valerate;
 10 (80) methyl 6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]hexanoate;
 (81) ethyl [4-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]piperidino]acetate;
 (82) ethyl 4-[4-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]piperidino]butyrate;
 (83) ethyl [4-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]piperidino]acetate;
 (84) ethyl 4-[4-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]piperidino]butyrate;
 (85) ethyl [4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]piperidino]acetate;
 15 (86) ethyl 4-[4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]piperidino]butyrate;
 (87) [4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetic acid;
 (88) 2-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionic acid;
 (89) 3-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionic acid;
 20 (90) 4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]butyric acid;
 (91) 5-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]valeric acid;
 (92) 6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]hexanoic acid;
 (93) [4-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]piperidino]acetic acid;
 (94) 4-[4-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]piperidino]butyric acid;
 25 (95) [4-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]piperidino]acetic acid;
 (96) 4-[4-[2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)ethyl]piperidino]butyric acid;
 (97) [4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]piperidino]acetic acid;
 (98) 4-[4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)propyl]piperidino]butyric acid;
 (99) ethyl cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]acetate;
 30 (100) ethyl trans-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]acetate;
 (101) ethyl cis-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]butyrate;
 (102) ethyl trans-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]butyrate;
 (103) methyl cis-6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]hexanoate;
 (104) ethyl cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]acetate;
 35 (105) ethyl trans-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]acetate;
 (106) ethyl cis-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]butyrate;
 (107) ethyl trans-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]butyrate;
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 (109) cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]hexanoate;
 (110) trans-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]acetic acid;
 40 (111) cis-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]butyric acid;
 (112) trans-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]butyric acid;
 (113) cis-6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]hexanoic acid;
 (114) cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]butyric acid;
 (115) trans-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]butyric acid;
 45 (116) cis-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]acetic acid;
 (117) trans-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]butyric acid;
 (118) cis-6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methylpiperidino]butyric acid;
 (119) ethyl [2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]acetate;
 (120) ethyl 4-[2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]butyrate;
 50 (121) [2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]acetic acid;
 (122) 4-[2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]butyric acid;
 (123) ethyl [2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]thiamorpholino]acetate;
 (124) ethyl 4-[2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]thiamorpholino]butyrate;
 (125) [2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]thiamorpholino]acetic acid;
 55 (126) 4-[2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]thiamorpholino]butyric acid;
 (127) ethyl [3-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]acetate;
 (128) ethyl 4-[3-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]butyrate;
 (129) [3-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]acetic acid;

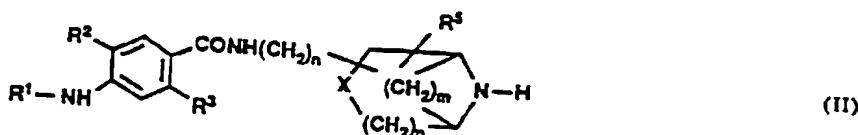
(130) 4-[3-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]butyric acid;
 (131) ethyl [3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)pyrrolidin-1-yl]acetate;
 (132) ethyl 4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)pyrrolidin-1-yl]butyrate;
 (133) [3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)pyrrolidin-1-yl]butyric acid; and
 (134) 4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)pyrrolidin-1-yl]butyric acid. However, the present invention is not limited to these examples.

5 The benzamide derivative represented by formula (I) can be prepared according to a method described below which is an embodiment of the present invention. However, methods for preparing said compound are not limited to these processes.

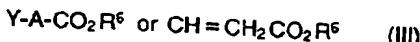
10 A process for preparing the benzamide derivatives of the present invention represented by formula (I) comprises the following steps:

(a) reacting a compound represented by the following formula (II) wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁵, X, m, n, and p are the same as those defined above;

15



25 with a compound represented by the following formula (III) wherein A is the same as that defined above, R⁵ represents a lower alkyl, and Y represents a halogen atom:



30 to carry out N-alkylation reaction in an organic solvent or without a solvent and in the presence or absence of a base as a dehydrohalogenating agent; and

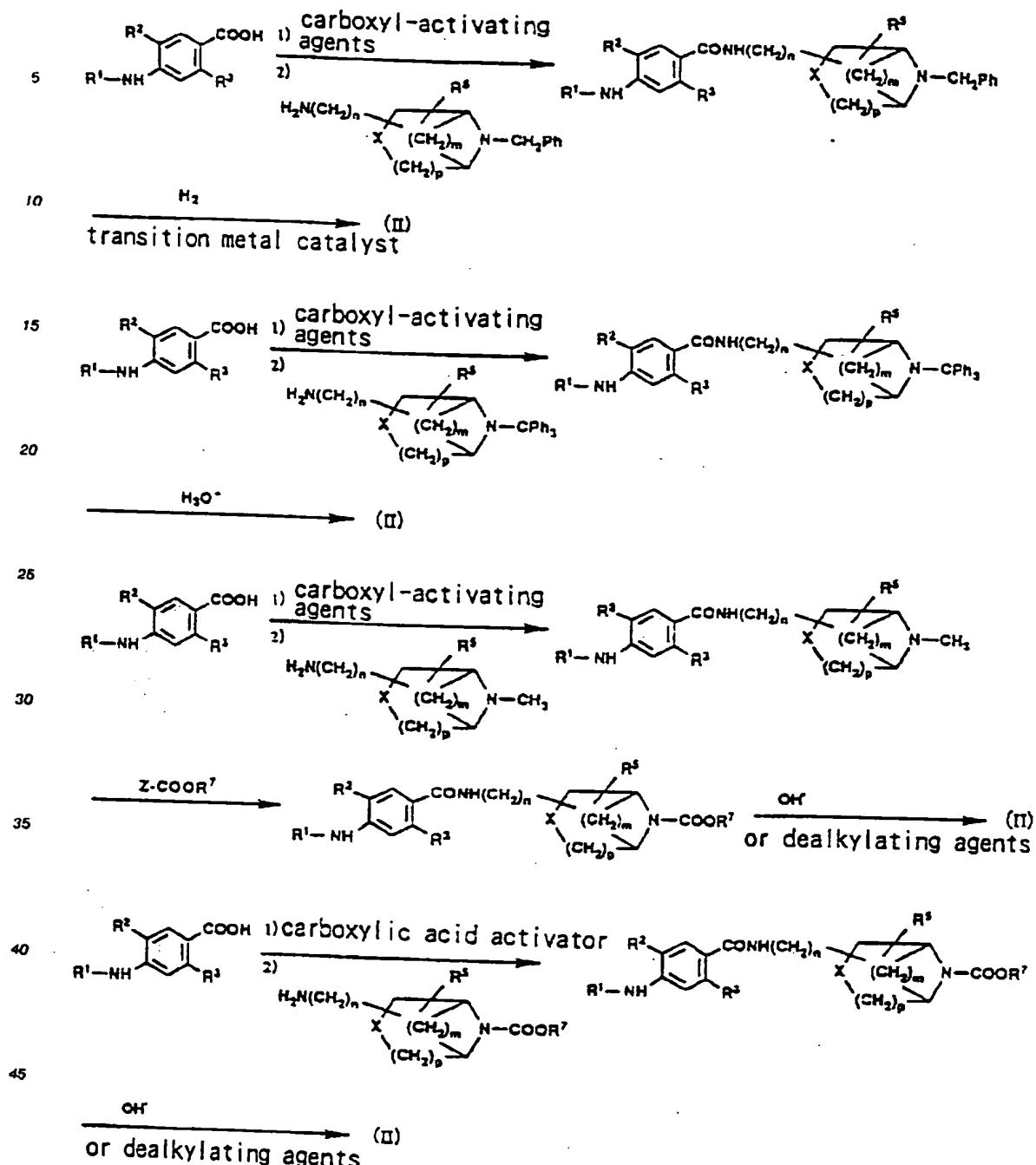
(b) halogenating or hydrolyzing the product obtained in the above step (a), if desired.

35 Examples of the organic solvent used for the N-alkylation in the method of the present invention include, for example, alcohols such as, for example, methanol, ethanol, n-propanol, isopropanol, and n-butanol; aromatic hydrocarbons such as, for example, benzene, toluene, and xylene; and aprotic polar solvents such as, for example, tetrahydrofuran, 1,4-dioxane, acetonitrile, N,N-dimethylformamide, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, and dimethyl sulfoxide. Examples of the base used include, for example, metallic sodium, sodium hydride, sodium methoxide, sodium ethoxide, sodium amide, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, and potassium hydrogen carbonate. The reaction may be carried out at from ice-cooling temperature to refluxing temperature of a solvent.

40 Halogenation may be carried out by the treatment with a halogenating agent in an organic solvent. Examples of the halogenating agent used include, for example, chlorine, bromine, and sulfonyl chloride. Examples of the organic solvent used include, for example, alcohols such as, for example, methanol, ethanol, and n-propanol; halogenated hydrocarbons such as, for example, dichloromethane, chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, and 1,2-dichloroethane; and aliphatic acids such as, for example, acetic acid. The reaction may be carried out at from -30 °C to refluxing temperature of a solvent.

45 Hydrolysis may be carried out by using an acid or a base. For acidic hydrolysis, acids such as hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid may be used, and for alkaline hydrolysis, bases such as sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, or potassium carbonate may be used. These acids and bases may be used in the reaction in a form of aqueous solution, or alternatively, solutions in methanol, ethanol, n-propanol, isopropanol, n-butanol, sec-butanol, or tert-butanol, or solutions in aqueous organic solvents. The reaction may be carried out at from ice-cooling temperature to refluxing temperature of a solvent.

50 The compounds represented by formula (II) used as starting materials in the aforementioned preparation process of the present invention are novel compounds with a few exceptions. The compounds can be prepared according to the scheme set out below, in which R¹, R², R³, R⁵, X, m, n, and p are the same as those defined above, R⁷ represents a lower alkyl group, and Z represents a halogen atom. Specific examples of the preparation process are given as reference examples in Examples which follows.



50 The benzamide derivatives represented by formula (I) prepared according to the process described above and their pharmacologically acceptable salts have hydrofunctional activity on digestive tract and are useful for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases. The compounds may preferably be formulated in a pharmaceutical composition as an active ingredient. The pharmaceutical composition comprising said compound as an active ingredient may generally be formulated and administered to a patient as orally available compositions such as, for example, capsules, tablets, subtilized granules, granules, powder or syrup, or administered as injection, suppository, eye drop, eye ointment, ear drop, or topical composition.

These pharmaceutical compositions can be prepared by ordinary methods. If necessary, pharmacologically and pharmaceutically acceptable additives may be added. For the preparation of orally available compositions and suppository, excipients such as, for example, lactose, D-mannitol, cornstarch, or crystalline cellulose; disintegrants such as, for example, carboxymethylcellulose or calcium carboxymethylcellulose; binders such as, for example, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, or polyvinylpyrrolidone; lubricants such as, for example, magnesium stearate or talc; coating agents such as, for example, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose, sucrose, or titanium oxide; or bases such as, for example polyethylene glycol or hard fat may be used as pharmaceutical additives. For the preparation of an injection, eye drop, or ear drop, solubilizing agents or solubilizers such as, for example, distilled water for injection, saline, or propylene glycol which is useful for an aqueous composition or a composition for preparing aqueous solution before use; pH adjusting agents such as, for example, an inorganic or organic acid or base; isotonicity agents such as, for example, sodium chloride, glucose, or glycerin; or stabilizers may be used as pharmaceutical additives. For the preparation of eye ointment and topical composition, suitable pharmaceutical additives ordinarily formulated in ointment, cream, or cataplasms such as white vaseline, macrogol, glycerin, or cloth may be used.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention may be administered orally to an adult patient at a daily dose of about 0.1 to 500 mg. The dose may be increased or decreased depending on the age or conditions of a patient.

As an example demonstrating remarkable advantageous effects of the compounds of the present invention, experimental results are set out below relating to effects on motility of digestive tract of a conscious dog.

Effects on gastrointestinal motility in conscious dog

Under systemical anesthesia, force transducers were chronically implanted to the stomach and the colon of the adult male or female dogs in a direction to measure circular muscle contraction according to the method of Ito et al. (Japanese Journal of Smooth Muscle Research, 13, 33, 1976). A silicone tube chronically attached into jugular vein for intravenous administration of test compounds. After the animal was recovered from the operation, test compounds were administered at about two hours after feeding while gastrointestinal motility was measured. The gastrointestinal motility was indicated as motor index, and the effects of test compounds were estimated by the change of motor index for twenty minutes before and after the administration. The results are summarized in Table 1. It can be concluded that the compounds of the present invention exhibit excellent stimulating effects on lower digestive tracts as well as upper digestive tracts.

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Table 1

Stimulating Effect on Gastrointestinal Motility (Conscious Dog)			
Test Compound	Dose (mg/kg, i.v.)	Change of Motor Index (%)	
		Stomach	Colon
Example 23	1	133.5	133.3
Example 24	0.1	116.0	134.8
Example 25	1	180.9	132.7
Example 27	0.1	113.4	134.5
Example 28	1	141.5	163.7
Example 32	1	176.7	158.5
Example 33	1	147.1	117.4
Example 34	1	187.0	191.5
Example 35	1	186.8	135.8
Example 36	1	195.9	119.6
Example 38	1	145.6	140.3
Example 39	0.1	134.7	159.1
Example 41	1	118.3	172.0
Example 43	1	166.5	504.8
Example 46	1	182.5	165.6
Example 58	0.1	180.7	217.5
Example 63	1	129.6	156.6
Example 64	0.1	200.3	234.5

The present invention will be explained by way of reference examples and examples. However, the present invention is not limited to these examples.

EXAMPLES

Reference Example 1: endo-4-Acetylmino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide

(1) endo-4-Acetylmino-N-(9-benzyl-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide

To a mixture of 11.0 g of 4-acetylmino-2-methoxybenzoic acid, 8.5 ml of triethylamine, and 210 ml of tetrahydrofuran, 5.3 ml of ethyl chloroformate was added dropwise with stirring under ice-cooling. After the mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours under ice-cooling, 12.72 g of endo-9-benzyl-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-3-amine was added by portions. Stirring was continued for 2.5 days at room temperature, and then the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was added to the residue, and pH was adjusted to 9 using 10% aqueous potassium carbonate solution. Crystals precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with water and then with ethanol to give 15.7 g of colorless crystals. Recrystallization from methanol gave colorless needles, m.p. 233.5-235 °C.

Anal. C ₂₅ H ₃₁ N ₃ O ₃			
Calcd.	C: 71.23; C: 71.19;	H: 7.41; H: 7.50;	N: 9.97 N: 9.93
Found			

(2) endo-4-Acetylmino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide

To a mixture of 15.5 g of endo-4-acetylmino-N-(9-benzyl-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide, 20 ml of acetic acid, and 180 ml of methanol, 2.0 g of Pearlman's catalyst (20% palladium hydroxide on carbon) was added, and then hydrogenolysis was carried out for 1 hour at room temperature under ordinary pressure. The catalyst was removed and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in water and pH was adjusted to 9 by adding potassium carbonate.

Crystals precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with water to give 12.6 g of pale yellow crystals. Recrystallization from 1,2-dichloroethane gave colorless prisms, m.p. 196-200 °C.

5

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 64.36; C: 64.32;	H: 7.65; H: 7.53;	N: 12.51 N: 12.47
Found			

10 In the same manner as Reference Example 1, the compounds of Reference Examples 2-4 were obtained.

Reference Example 2: exo-4-Acetylamino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide fumarate

15 (1) exo-4-Acetylamino-N-(8-benzyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide

Appearance: pale brown needles (MeOH)

IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1694, 1668

20 NMR Spectrum δ (DMSO-d₆) ppm : 1.50-1.83(6H,m), 1.88-2.14(2H,m), 2.06(3H,s), 3.05-3.32(2H,m), 3.55-7.77(1H,m), 7.70(1H,d,J = 8.6Hz), 7.48(1H,d,J = 1.7Hz), 7.48(1H,d,J = 1.7Hz), 7.62-
Mass Spectrum m/z : 407 (M⁺)

(2) exo-4-Acetylamino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide fumarate

25 Appearance: colorless crystals (MeOH)
m.p. 223-225 °C(decomp.)

30

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₃ • C ₄ H ₄ O ₄			
Calcd.	C: 58.19; C: 58.05;	H: 6.28; H: 6.45;	N: 9.69 N: 9.71
Found			

35 Reference Example 3: exo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide fumarate

(1) exo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-benzyl-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide

39 Appearance: slightly brown needles (MeOH)
m.p. 215-216 °C

45

Anal. C ₂₅ H ₃₁ N ₃ O ₃			
Calcd.	C: 71.23; C: 71.12;	H: 7.41; H: 7.48;	N: 9.97 N: 9.89
Found			

50

(2) exo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide fumarate

Appearance: colorless crystals (MeOH)
m.p. 194-196 °C (decomp.)

56

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ • C ₄ H ₄ O ₄ • 3/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 57.32; C: 57.13;	H: 6.67; H: 6.58;	N: 9.12 N: 9.12
Found			

Reference Example 4: endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-ethoxybenzamide

(1) endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-benzyl-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-ethoxybenzamide

5 Appearance: colorless needles (MeOH)
m.p. 215-218 °C

10

Anal. C ₂₆ H ₃₃ N ₃ O ₃			
Calcd.	C: 71.70; C: 71.45;	H: 7.64; H: 7.61;	N: 9.65 N: 9.47

15 (2) endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-ethoxybenzamide

Appearance: colorless needles (H₂O)
m.p. 116-119 °C
224-226 °C

20

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₃ • 5/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 58.44; C: 58.45;	H: 8.26; H: 7.88;	N: 10.76 N: 10.40

25

Reference Example 5: endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide

(1) endo-4-Acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(8-methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)benzamide

To a mixture of 38.0 g of 4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid, 26.1 ml of triethylamine, and 500 ml of tetrahydrofuran, 15.7 ml of ethyl chloroformate was added dropwise with stirring under ice-cooling. Stirring was continued for 1 hour under ice-cooling, and then a solution of 23.0 g of endo-8-methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octan-3-amine in 40 ml of tetrahydrofuran was added dropwise. Stirring was continued for 1.5 hours at room temperature, and then insoluble materials were removed and the filtrate obtained was concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was added to the residue and pH was adjusted to 9 by using aqueous potassium carbonate solution. Crystals precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with water and then with ethyl acetate to give 48.6 g of slightly yellow crystals.

40 (2) Methyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]formate

To a mixture of 40.0 g of endo-4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(8-methyl-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)benzamide, 16.0 g of potassium carbonate, and 400 ml of chloroform, 80.0 ml of methyl chloroformate was added dropwise with stirring at room temperature. The mixture was refluxed for 19 hours, and then insoluble materials were removed and the filtrate obtained was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with ethyl acetate and then with hot methanol to give 17.5 g of colorless crystals. Recrystallization from dichloromethane-methanol gave colorless needles, m.p. 250-252 °C.

50

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₅ • 1/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 54.48; C: 54.17;	H: 6.02; H: 5.77;	N: 10.03 N: 9.79

65

(3) endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide

To a suspension of 16.3 g of methyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]formate in 400 ml of dichloromethane, 22.0 ml of iodo trimethylsilane was added

dropwise with stirring at room temperature. Stirring was continued for 6 hours at room temperature, and then aqueous sodium hydrosulfite solution was added. Aqueous layer was separated after pH was adjusted to 2 using 10% hydrochloric acid. The aqueous layer was basified using potassium carbonate and then extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified using column chromatography on aluminum oxide [eluent: dichloromethane → dichloromethane-methanol (50:1)] to afford 8.41 g of pale yellow syrup.
 5 IR Spectrum ν (liq) cm^{-1} : 1694, 1644
 NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl_3) ppm : 1.85-2.30(9H,m), 2.28(3H,s), 3.60-3.74(2H,m), 4.02(3H,s), 4.30-4.46(1H,m),
 7.82(1H,br-s), 8.21(1H,s), 8.34(1H,s), 8.40-8.50(1H,m)

10

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_3$		
Calcd. m/z	351.1350,	353.1320
Found m/z	351.1363,	353.1325

In the same manner as Reference Example 5, the compound of Reference Example 6 was obtained.

20 Reference Example 6: endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide

(1) endo-4-Acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(9-methyl-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)benzamide

Appearance: slightly brown amorphous solid

IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm^{-1} : 1708, 1648

25 NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl_3) ppm: 1.00-1.15(2H,m), 1.20-1.40(2H,m), 1.45-1.60(1H,m), 1.85-2.10(3H,m), 2.28-
 (3H,s), 2.40-2.75(2H,m), 2.50(3H,s), 3.00-3.15(2H,m), 3.98(3H,s), 4.35-4.60(1H,m), 7.60-7.70(1H,m), 7.82-
 (1H,br-s), 8.21(1H,s), 8.30(1H,s)

30

High Resolution Mass Spectrum: $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{26}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_3$		
Calcd. m/z	379.1663,	381.1633
Found m/z	379.1654,	381.1630

35

(2) Methyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]formate

Appearance: colorless crystals (AcOEt)
 m.p. 202-205 °C

40

Anal. $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_5$			
Calcd.	C: 56.67;	H: 6.18;	N: 9.91
Found	C: 56.49;	H: 6.25;	N: 9.69

45

(3) endo-4-Acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide

50 Appearance: pale yellow syrup

IR Spectrum ν (liq) cm^{-1} : 1694, 1648

NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl_3) ppm: 1.14-2.00(8H,m), 2.18(1H,br-s), 2.28(3H,s), 2.20-2.40(2H,m), 3.30-3.47-
 (2H,m), 3.99(3H,s), 4.06-4.28(1H,m), 7.57-7.70(1H,m), 7.81(1H,br-s), 8.22(1H,s), 8.32(1H,s)

56

High Resolution Mass Spectrum: $C_{13}H_{24}ClN_3O_3$

Calcd. m/z	365.1506,	367.1477
Found m/z	365.1510,	367.1457

5

Reference Example 7: endo-4-Amino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide hydrochloride

10 To a solution of 7.86 g of endo-4-acetylamino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide in 23 ml of ethanol, 40 ml of 32% hydrogen chloride/ethanol solution was added and then the mixture was refluxed for 5.5 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was washed with ethanol to give 5.05 g of pale brown crystals. Recrystallization from methanol gave 15 colorless needles, m.p. 280-282 °C (decomp.).

15

Anal. $C_{15}H_{20}ClN_3O_2 \cdot HCl \cdot 3/4H_2O$

Calcd.	C: 50.08;	H: 6.30;	N: 11.68
Found	C: 50.07;	H: 6.20;	N: 11.57

20

In the same manner as Reference Example 7, the compound of Reference Example 8 was obtained.

Reference Example 8: endo-4-Amino-N-(8-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide hydrochloride

Appearance: slightly brown needles (EtOH)
m.p. 257-261 °C (decomp.)

30

Anal. $C_{16}H_{22}ClN_3O_2 \cdot HCl \cdot H_2O$

Calcd.	C: 50.80;	H: 6.66;	N: 11.11
Found	C: 50.74;	H: 6.57;	N: 10.91

35

Reference Example 9: 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(4-piperidinyl)benzamide hydrochloride

(1) 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(1-triphenylmethyl-4-piperidinyl)benzamide

40

To a mixture of 16.40 g of 4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid, 13.60 ml of triethylamine, and 330 ml of dry tetrahydrofuran, 8.55 ml of ethyl chloroformate was added with stirring under ice-cooling. Stirring was continued for 2 hours under ice-cooling, 30.64 g of 4-amino-1-triphenylmethylpiperidine was added by portions. After stirring was continued for 20 hours at room temperature, insoluble materials were removed and the filtrate obtained was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane and washed with water. The solution was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with n-hexane to give 39.42 g of colorless crystals.

45

IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm^{-1} : 1846, 1824

50 NMR Spectrum δ ($CDCl_3$) ppm: 1.57-1.81(2H,m), 1.92-2.19(2H,m), 2.73-3.38(2H,m), 3.58-4.08(3H,m), 4.33-4.50(2H,br-s), 6.25(1H,s), 7.05-7.55(15H,m), 7.67(1H,br-s), 8.06(1H,s)

(2) 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(4-piperidinyl)benzamide hydrochloride

55

A mixture of 39.42 g of 4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(1-triphenylmethyl-4-piperidinyl)benzamide, 10 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid, and 600 ml of acetone was refluxed for 40 minutes. After the mixture was cooled to 5 °C, crystals precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with acetone to give 25.79 g of colorless crystals, m.p. 165-168 °C.

IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm^{-1} : 2948, 2812, 1640

NMR Spectrum δ (DMSO-d₆) ppm: 1.63-1.85(2H,m), 1.92-2.13(2H,m), 2.88-3.09(2H,m), 3.13-3.33(2H,m), 3.83(3H,s), 3.88-4.07(1H,m), 6.53(1H,s), 7.62(1H,s), 7.66-7.79(1H,m)
Mass Spectrum m/z : 283, 285 (3:1) [M⁺ (free base)]

5 In the same manner as Reference Example 9, the compounds of Reference Examples 10 and 11 were obtained.

Reference Example 10: 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(2-morpholiny)methyl]benzamide hydrochloride

10 (1) 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(4-triphenylmethyl-2-morpholiny)methyl]benzamide

Appearance: slightly brown crystals

NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.35-1.80(2H,m), 2.80-3.10(2H,m), 3.10-3.35(1H,m), 3.50-3.75(1H,m), 3.71-
(3H,s), 3.75-4.10(3H,m), 4.35(2H,br-s), 6.23(1H,s), 7.05-7.60(15H,m), 7.80-7.90(1H,m), 8.07(1H,s)

15 (2) 2-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(2-morpholiny)methyl]benzamide hydrochloride

Appearance: slightly brown crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 219-222 °C

20

Anal. C ₁₃ H ₁₈ ClN ₃ O ₃ • HCl • H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 44.08; C: 44.20;	H: 5.98; H: 5.88;	N: 11.86 N: 11.82
Found			

26

Reference Example 11: 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(3-pyrrolidiny)-methyl]benzamide hydrochloride

(1) 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(1-triphenylmethyl-3-pyrrolidiny)-methyl]benzamide

30 Appearance: slightly brown crystals

NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.33-1.50(1H,m), 1.50-1.65(1H,m), 1.76-1.96(1H,m), 2.10-2.40(3H,m), 2.46-
2.50(1H,m), 3.30-3.60(2H,m), 3.77(3H,s), 4.35(2H,br-s), 6.26(1H,s), 7.05-7.60(15H,m), 7.60-7.75(1H,m), 8.10-
(1H,s)

35 (2) 4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(3-pyrrolidiny)methyl]benzamide hydrochloride

Appearance: pale yellow crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 204-206 °C

40

Anal. C ₁₃ H ₁₈ ClN ₃ O ₂ • HCl • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 45.56; C: 45.60;	H: 6.32; H: 6.14;	N: 12.26 N: 12.30
Found			

45

Reference Example 12: cis-4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(3-methoxy-4-piperidiny)benzamide

(1) Ethyl cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]formato

To a mixture of 33.3 g of 4-amino-5-chloro-3-methoxybenzoic acid, 27.0 ml of triethylamine, and 450 ml of tetrahydrofuran, 16.2 ml of ethyl chloroformate was added dropwise with stirring under ice-cooling. Stirring was continued for 1.5 hours under ice-cooling, a solution of 35.0 g of ethyl cis-(4-amino-3-methoxypiperidino)formate in 50 ml of tetrahydrofuran was added dropwise. After being stirred for 20 hours

55 at room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was added to the residue, and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with aqueous potassium carbonate solution, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with diethyl ether to give 44.5 g of colorless crystals.

(2) cis-4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-[(3-methoxy-4-piperidinyl) benzamide

5 A mixture of 44.0 g of ethyl cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamide)-3-methoxypiperidino]-formate, 67.7 g of potassium hydroxide, and 400 ml of iso-propanol was refluxed for 9 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then water was added to the residue and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was washed with iso-propylether to give 27.0 g of colorless crystals. Recrystallization from ethanol gave colorless prisms.

10

15

Anal. C ₁₄ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₃			
Calcd.	C: 53.59; C: 53.44;	H: 6.42; H: 6.38;	N: 13.39 N: 13.28
Found			

Example 1: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

20 A mixture of 12.4 g of endo-4-acetylamino-N-(9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-3-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide, 4.6 ml of ethyl bromoacetate, 5.72 g of potassium carbonate, and 75 ml of N,N-dimethylformamide was heated for 2 hours at 60 °C with stirring. The reaction mixture was poured into ice-water, and crystals precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with water to give 13.4 g of pale yellow crystals. Recrystallization from benzene gave colorless prisms, m.p. 85-88 °C.

25

30

Anal. C ₂₂ H ₃₁ N ₃ O ₅ • 1/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 61.95; C: 61.85;	H: 7.56; H: 7.55;	N: 9.85 N: 9.86
Found			

In the same manner as Example 1, the compounds of Examples 2 to 12 were obtained.

Example 2: Ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate

35 Appearance: colorless oil

IR Spectrum ν (liq) cm^{-1} : 1732, 1698, 1638NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl_3) ppm : 1.00-2.15(10H,m), 1.26(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.21(3H,s), 2.37(2H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.45-2.60(2H,m), 2.60-2.85(2H,m), 3.10-3.30 (2H,m), 3.96(3H,s), 4.13(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.30-4.55(1H,m), 6.77 (1H,dd,J = 8.5,1.5Hz), 7.85-7.75(1H,m), 7.82(1H, s), 7.88(1H,d,J = 1.5Hz), 8.09(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz)

40

45

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₄ H ₃₅ N ₃ O ₅	
Calcd. m/z	445.2577
Found m/z	445.2586

Example 3: Methyl endo-6-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]hexanoate

50 Appearance: colorless oil

IR Spectrum ν (liq) cm^{-1} : 1738, 1698, 1638NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl_3) ppm: 1.00-2.00(14H,m), 2.21(3H,s), 2.33(2H,t,J = 7.5Hz), 2.40-2.65(2H,m), 2.85-2.85(2H,m), 3.15-3.35(2H,m), 3.67(3H,s), 3.97(3H,s), 4.40-4.60(1H,m), 6.78(1H,d,J = 8.0Hz), 7.65-7.70(1H,m), 7.70-7.80(1H,m), 7.85(1H,s), 8.10(1H,d,J = 8.0Hz)

65

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₅ H ₃₇ N ₃ O ₅	
Calcd. m/z	459.2733
Found m/z	459.2744

5 Example 4: Methyl endo-8-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-8-yl]octanoate

10 Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)
m.p. 159-160 °C
IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1740, 1696, 1636
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.00-2.15(18H,m), 2.21(3H,s), 2.30(2H,t,J = 7.5Hz), 2.40-2.60(2H,m), 2.60-2.70(2H,m), 3.10-3.30(2H,m), 3.67(3H,s), 3.95(3H,s), 4.30-4.60(1H,m), 6.80(1H,dd,J = 8.5,2.0Hz), 7.65-7.75-7.87(1H,m), 8.07(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz), 8.26(1H,d,J = 2.0Hz)

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₇ H ₄₁ N ₃ O ₅	
Calcd. m/z	487.3046
Found m/z	487.3041

20 Example 5: Ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionate

25 Appearance: colorless oil
IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1732, 1698, 1638
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm : 1.00-2.06(8H,m), 1.27(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.21(3H,s), 2.32-2.54(2H,m), 2.40-2(2H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.95(2H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 3.06-3.20(2H,m), 3.95(3H,s), 4.15(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.28-4.46(1H,m), 6.77-7.58-7.72(1H,m), 7.87(1H,br-s), 8.06(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz), 8.19(1H,s)

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₃ H ₃₃ N ₃ O ₅	
Calcd. m/z	431.2420
Found m/z	431.2420

35 Example 6: Ethyl endo-5-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valerate

40 Appearance: colorless oil
IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1734, 1696, 1636
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 0.95-2.10(12H,m), 1.26(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.21(3H,s), 2.31(2H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.37-2.55(2H,m), 2.64(2H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 3.03-3.20(2H,m), 3.95(3H,s), 4.13(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.33-4.53(1H,m), 6.77-7.58-7.72(1H,m), 7.87(1H,d,J = 2.0Hz), 8.07(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz), 8.09(1H,s)

45

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₅ H ₃₇ N ₃ O ₅	
Calcd. m/z	459.2733
Found m/z	459.2724

50 Example 7: Methyl endo-7-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]heptanoate

Appearance: colorless oil
IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1732, 1696, 1644
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.00-2.10(16H,m), 2.21(3H,s), 2.30(2H,t,J = 7.5Hz), 2.37-2.55(2H,m), 2.61-2.78(1H,m), 3.05-3.20(2H,m), 3.66(3H,s), 3.93(3H,s), 4.35-4.55(1H,m), 6.84(1H,dd,J = 8.5,1.5Hz), 7.64-7.87(1H,d,J = 1.5Hz), 8.03(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz), 8.85(1H,s)

High Resolution Mass Spectrum C ₂₆ H ₃₉ N ₃ O ₅			
Calcd. m/z		473.2890	
Found m/z		473.2893	

5

Example 8: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

10 Appearance: colorless needles (benzene)
m.p. 77-81 °C

Anal. C ₂₃ H ₃₃ N ₃ O ₅ • 1/2H ₂ O				
Calcd.	C: 62.71; C: 62.72;	H: 7.78; H: 7.57;	N: 9.54	
Found			N: 9.55	

15

20 Example 9: Ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

Appearance: colorless oil
IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1746, 1686, 1636
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm : 1.28(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 1.40-2.13(10H,m), 2.20(3H,s), 3.00-3.15(2H,m), 3.54-
25 (2H,s), 3.94(3H,s), 4.19(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.80-5.00(1H,m), 6.78(1H,dd,J = 8.5,2.0Hz), 7.57-7.75(1H,m), 7.83-
(1H,d,J = 2.0Hz), 7.87(1H,s), 8.09(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz)

30

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₂ H ₃₁ N ₃ O ₅			
Calcd. m/z		417.2264	
Found m/z		417.2253	

35

Example 10: Ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate

Appearance: pale yellow oil
IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1746, 1692, 1638
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.28(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 1.60-2.10(8H,m), 2.20(3H,s), 3.23(2H,s), 3.30-3.45-
(2H,m), 3.92(3H,s), 4.20(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.28-4.48(1H,m), 6.77(1H,dd,J = 8.5,2.0Hz), 7.60(1H,s), 7.60-7.80-
40 (1H,m), 7.80(1H,d,J = 2.0Hz), 7.80(1H,s), 8.10(1H,d,J = 8.5Hz)

45

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₁ H ₂₉ N ₃ O ₅			
Calcd. m/z		403.2107	
Found m/z		403.2111	

50

Example 11: Ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]-acetate

Appearance: colorless prisms (EtOH)
m.p. 144-145 °C

65

Anal. C ₂₁ H ₂₈ ClN ₃ O ₅				
Calcd.	C: 57.60; C: 57.45;	H: 6.44; H: 6.32;	N: 9.60	
Found			N: 9.49	

EP 0 640 601 A1

Example 12: Ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate

Appearance: pale brown needles (AcOEt)
m.p. 154-156 °C

5

10

Anal. C ₂₁ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₄ • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 58.87;	H: 7.18;	N: 9.81
Found	C: 58.80;	H: 6.97;	N: 9.71

Example 13: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-acetate

15

To a suspension of 13.0 g of ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate in 140 ml of dichloromethane, 3.4 ml of sulfonyl chloride was added dropwise at - 10 °C. Stirring was continued at room temperature for 1.5 hours, and then the mixture was made basic by adding saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. After being concentrated under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: dichloromethane-methanol/50:1) to give 11.4 g of pale yellow amorphous solid.

20

IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1750, 1646
NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.05-2.17(8H,m), 1.28(3H,t,J = 7.3Hz), 2.28(3H,s), 2.42-2.64(2H,m), 3.12-3.34(2H,m), 3.49(2H,s), 3.98(3H,s), 4.17(2H,q,J = 7.3Hz), 4.34-4.55(1H,m), 7.58-7.71(1H,m), 7.80(1H,s), 8.22-(1H,s), 8.32(1H,s)

25

30

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₂ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₅		
Calcd. m/z	451.1874,	453.1844
Found m/z	451.1859,	453.1853

In the same manner as Example 13, the compounds of Examples 14 to 22 were obtained.

35 Example 14: Ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-butyrate

Appearance: colorless oil

IR Spectrum ν (liq) cm⁻¹ : 1732, 1704, 1646

40 NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.00-2.10(10H,m), 1.27(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.28(3H,s), 2.37(2H,t,J = 7.5Hz), 2.45-2.60(2H,m), 2.85-2.80(2H,m), 3.05-3.20(2H,m), 3.98(3H,s), 4.14(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.30-4.50(1H,m), 7.55-7.65-(1H,m), 7.82(1H,s), 8.20(1H,s), 8.31(1H,s)

45

High Resolution Mass Spectrum C ₂₄ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₅		
Calcd. m/z	479.2187,	481.2157
Found m/z	479.2190,	481.2173

50 Example 15: Methyl endo-6-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-hexanoate fumarate

Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)
m.p. 157-161 °C

55

5

Anal. C ₂₅ H ₃₆ ClN ₃ O ₅ • C ₄ H ₄ O ₄ • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 55.06; C: 54.95;	H: 6.77; H: 6.94;	N: 6.64 N: 6.72
Found			

Example 16: Methyl endo-8-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-octanoate

10

Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)

IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm⁻¹ : 1738, 1704, 1646

NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.00-2.10(18H,m), 2.28(3H,s), 2.31(2H,t,J = 7.5Hz), 2.35-2.55(2H,m), 2.55-2.75(2H,m), 3.10-3.25(2H,m), 3.67(3H,s), 3.98(3H,s), 4.30-4.55(1H,m), 7.55-7.75(1H,m), 7.81(1H,s), 8.21-(1H,s), 8.31(1H,s)

15

20

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₂₇ H ₄₀ ClN ₃ O ₅			
Calcd. m/z	521.2657,	523.2627	
Found m/z	521.2642,	523.2617	

Example 17: Ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-propionate sesquifumarate

25

Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)
m.p. 170-172 °C

30

Anal. C ₂₅ H ₃₂ ClN ₃ O ₅ • 3/2C ₄ H ₄ O ₄			
Calcd.	C: 54.42; C: 54.18;	H: 5.98; H: 6.06;	N: 6.56 N: 6.69
Found			

35

Example 18: Ethyl endo-5-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-valerate fumarate

40

Appearance: colorless crystals (acetone)
m.p. 127-129 °C

45

Anal. C ₂₅ H ₃₆ ClN ₃ O ₅ • C ₄ H ₄ O ₄ • 1/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 56.26; C: 56.34;	H: 6.67; H: 6.72;	N: 6.79 N: 6.65
Found			

50

Example 19: Methyl endo-7-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-heptanoate fumarate

Appearance: colorless needles (MeOH-Et₂O)
m.p. 124.5-126 °C

65

Anal. C ₂₆ H ₃₈ ClN ₃ O ₅ • C ₄ H ₄ O ₄ • 3/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 56.51; C: 56.51;	H: 6.88; H: 6.82;	N: 6.59 N: 6.59
Found			

EP 0 640 601 A1

Example 20: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

Appearance: slightly yellow syrup

IR Spectrum ν (liq) cm^{-1} : 1748, 1704, 1646

5 NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl_3) ppm: 1.05-1.64(5H,m), 1.75-2.10(3H,m), 2.45-2.65(2H,m), 1.28(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 1.52(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 2.27(3H,s), 3.16-3.31(2H,m), 3.49(2H,s), 4.18(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.22(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.37-4.55(1H,m), 7.78(1H,br-s), 7.80-7.94(1H,m), 8.21(1H,s), 8.27(1H,s)

10

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{32}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_5$		
Calcd. m/z	465.2031.	467.2001
Found m/z	465.2033,	467.2003

15

Example 21: Ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate
1/2 fumarate

Appearance: colorless needles (MeOH)

20 IR Spectrum ν (KBr) cm^{-1} : 1738, 1698, 1638

NMR Spectrum δ (DMSO-d_6) ppm: 1.19(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 1.43-2.05(10H,m), 2.14(3H,s), 2.90-3.00(2H,m), 3.48-(2H,s), 3.85(3H,s), 4.08(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.55-4.73(1H,m), 6.61(1H,s), 7.69(1H,s), 7.73(1H,s), 7.70-7.90(1H,m), 9.42 (1H,s)

25

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{30}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_5$		
Calcd. m/z	451.1874,	453.1844
Found m/z	451.1876,	453.1840

30

Example 22: Ethyl exo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate
maleate

Appearance: colorless crystals (EtOH)

35 m.p. 174-175 °C

40

Anal. $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{28}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_5 \cdot \text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_4$			
Calcd.	C: 54.20;	H: 5.82;	N: 7.58
Found	C: 54.03;	H: 5.85;	N: 7.56

Example 23: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

45 To a solution of 11.0 g of ethyl endo-[3-(4-acetylamino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate in 22 ml of ethanol, 66 ml of 20% hydrogen chloride/ethanol solution was added and the mixture was refluxed for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then the residue was dissolved in water and pH was adjusted to 10 with potassium carbonate. Crystals 50 precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with water and then with isopropyl ether to give 8.88 g m.p. 163.5-164.5 °C.

55

Anal. $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_4$			
Calcd.	C: 58.60;	H: 6.88;	N: 10.25
Found	C: 58.39;	H: 6.84;	N: 10.26

In the same manner as Example 23, the compounds of Examples 24 to 33 were obtained.

Example 24: Ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate

5 Appearance: pale orange prisms (EtOH)
m.p. 136.5-138 °C

10

Anal. C ₂₂ H ₃₂ ClN ₃ O ₄				
	Calcd.	C: 60.33; C: 60.27;	H: 7.36; H: 7.41;	N: 9.59 N: 9.52
	Found			

15 Example 25: Ethyl endo-6-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]hexanoate
Appearance: colorless prisms (EtOH)
m.p. 122-123.5 °C

20

Anal. C ₂₄ H ₃₆ ClN ₃ O ₄				
	Calcd.	C: 61.86; C: 61.68;	H: 7.79; H: 7.80;	N: 9.02 N: 9.01
	Found			

25

Example 26: Ethyl endo-8-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]octanoate
Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)
m.p. 108-109 °C

30

35

Anal. C ₂₆ H ₄₀ ClN ₃ O ₄				
	Calcd.	C: 63.21; C: 62.93;	H: 8.16; H: 8.14;	N: 8.50 N: 8.46
	Found			

Example 27: Ethyl endo-3-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-propionate

40

Appearance: pale pink needles (AcOEt)
m.p. 110-112 °C

45

Anal. C ₂₁ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₄				
	Calcd.	C: 59.50; C: 59.31;	H: 7.13; H: 7.12;	N: 9.91 N: 9.89
	Found			

50 Example 28: Ethyl endo-5-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valerate
Appearance: colorless crystals (EtOH)
m.p. 126-128 °C

65

5

Anal. C ₂₃ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₄				
Calcd.	C: 61.12; C: 60.85;	H: 7.58; H: 7.49;	N: 9.30	N: 9.26

Example 29: Methyl endo-7-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]-heptanoate

10

Appearance: colorless prisms (MeOH-Et₂O)
m.p. 144.5-145.5 °C

15

Anal. C ₂₄ H ₃₆ ClN ₃ O ₄				
Calcd.	C: 61.86; C: 61.64;	H: 7.79; H: 7.75;	N: 9.02	N: 9.06

20 Example 30: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)
m.p. 215-217 °C

25

Anal. C ₂₁ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₄				
Calcd.	C: 59.50; C: 59.26;	H: 7.13; H: 7.04;	N: 9.91	N: 9.87

30

Example 31: Ethyl exo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate

Appearance: pale pink crystals (iso-PrOH-Et₂O)
m.p. 161-164 °C

35

40

Anal. C ₂₀ H ₂₈ ClN ₃ O ₄ • 3/4H ₂ O				
Calcd.	C: 56.73; C: 56.73;	H: 7.02; H: 6.63;	N: 9.92	N: 9.96

Example 32: Ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate

45 Appearance: colorless plates (EtOH)
m.p. 187-188 °C

50

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄				
Calcd.	C: 57.65; C: 57.57;	H: 6.62; H: 6.52;	N: 10.61	N: 10.42

55

Example 33: Ethyl exo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate

Appearance: pale orange prisms (EtOH-Et₂O)
m.p. 188.5-190 °C

5

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄			
Calcd.	C: 57.65; C: 57.60;	H: 6.62; H: 6.57;	N: 10.61 N: 10.49
Found			

Example 34: *endo*-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid hydrochloride

10

To a suspension of 8.00 g of ethyl *endo*-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]-non-9-yl]acetate in 80 ml of methanol, 19.5 ml of 2N sodium hydroxide solution was added and the mixture was refluxed for 1 hour. After the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, the residue was dissolved in a small volume of water and pH was adjusted to 1 with 10% hydrochloric acid. Crystals precipitated were collected by filtration, washed with water, and then recrystallized from methanol-isopropyl ether to give 5.75 g of colorless powder, m.p. 189-194 °C (decomp.).

15

20

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 49.55; C: 49.38;	H: 6.23; H: 5.99;	N: 9.63 N: 9.49
Found			

In the same manner as Example 34, the compounds of Examples 35 to 45 were obtained.

25

Example 35: *endo*-4-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid hydrochloride

30

Appearance: colorless crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 166-167 °C

35

Anal. C ₂₀ H ₂₈ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 3/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 50.74; C: 50.68;	H: 6.81; H: 6.66;	N: 8.88 N: 8.91
Found			

Example 36: *endo*-6-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]hexanoic acid hydrochloride

40

Appearance: colorless crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 237-239 °C

45

Anal. C ₂₂ H ₃₂ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 53.17; C: 53.32;	H: 7.20; H: 7.01;	N: 8.46 N: 8.48
Found			

50

Example 37: *endo*-8-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]octanoic acid hydrochloride

Appearance: slightly orange crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 125-128 °C

65

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5

Anal. C ₂₄ H ₃₅ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 54.91; C: 54.87;	H: 7.58; H: 7.44;	N: 8.00 N: 7.98

Example 38: endo-3-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]propionic acid hydrochloride

10 Appearance: pale brown prisms (H₂O)
m.p. 157-160 °C

15

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 7/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 49.20; C: 49.27;	H: 6.63; H: 6.41;	N: 9.06 N: 9.07

20 Example 39: endo-5-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]valeric acid hydrochloride

Appearance: pale pink crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 152-153.5 °C

26

Anal. C ₂₁ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 7/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 51.27; C: 51.30;	H: 7.06; H: 6.89;	N: 8.54 N: 8.53

30 Example 40: endo-7-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]heptanoic acid hydrochloride

35 Appearance: colorless needles (H₂O)
m.p. 130-133 °C

40

Anal. C ₂₃ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 52.67; C: 52.61;	H: 7.49; H: 7.21;	N: 8.01 N: 8.14

45 Example 41: endo-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-ethoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid hydrochloride

Appearance: slightly yellow needles (H₂O)
m.p. 216-220 °C (decomp.)

50

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 5/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 47.80; C: 48.05;	H: 6.76; H: 6.41;	N: 8.80 N: 8.93

55

Example 42: exo-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid

Appearance: pale orange crystals (MeOH)
m.p. 250-252 °C (decomp.)

5

10

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₄ • 3/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 54.88;	H: 6.50;	N: 10.63
Found	C: 54.88;	H: 6.25;	N: 10.94

Example 43: endo-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetic acid hydrochloride

15

Appearance: slightly yellow needles (H₂O)
m.p. 254-256 °C (decomp.)

20

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 3/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 47.34;	H: 6.08;	N: 9.74
Found	C: 47.36;	H: 5.98;	N: 9.79

25 Example 44: endo-4-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyric acid hydrochloride

Appearance: colorless crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 242-243 °C

30

35

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 50.17;	H: 6.54;	N: 9.24
Found	C: 50.29;	H: 6.38;	N: 9.23

Example 45: exo-[3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyric acid

40 Appearance: pale orange crystals (MeOH-Et₂O)
m.p. 273-276 °C (decomp.)

45

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₄			
Calcd.	C: 55.51;	H: 6.03;	N: 11.42
Found	C: 55.20;	H: 6.05;	N: 11.20

50 Example 46: Ethyl [4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetate hydrochloride

A mixture of 3.20 g of 4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxy-N-(4-piperidinyl)benzamide hydrochloride, 1.22 ml of ethyl bromoacetate, 3.04 g of potassium carbonate, and 32 ml of N,N-dimethylformamide was stirred for 2.5 hours with heating at 60 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then the residue was added with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated aqueous sodium chloride solution, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure to give brown oil. The result was converted to the hydrochloride by an ordinary method to afford 3.31 g of pale yellow crystals. Recrystallization from ethanol gave colorless plates, m.p. 196.5-198.5 °C.

5

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl			
Calcd.	C: 50.25; C: 49.98;	H: 6.20; H: 6.23;	N: 10.34 N: 10.36

In the same manner as Example 46, the compounds of Examples 47-57 were obtained.

Example 47: Ethyl 4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]butyrate hydrochloride

10 Appearance: slightly brown columns (EtOH)
m.p. 188.5-191.5 °C

15

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₈ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl			
Calcd.	C: 52.54; C: 52.18;	H: 6.73; H: 6.66;	N: 9.67 N: 9.75

20 Example 48: Methyl 6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]hexanoate hydrochloride

Appearance: slightly brown needles (MeOH)
m.p. 208.5-210.5 °C

25

Anal. C ₂₀ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 51.01; C: 51.06;	H: 7.17; H: 7.03;	N: 8.92 N: 8.99

30

Example 49: Ethyl 3-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionate

Appearance: colorless needles (acetone-Et₂O)
m.p. 116-117.5 °C

35

40

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄			
Calcd.	C: 56.32; C: 56.28;	H: 6.83; H: 6.74;	N: 10.95 N: 10.87

Example 50: Ethyl 5-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]valerate hydrochloride

45 Appearance: colorless crystals (EtOH)
m.p. 202-203.5 °C

50

Anal. C ₂₀ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 53.04; C: 52.99;	H: 7.01; H: 6.95;	N: 9.28 N: 9.21

56 Example 51: Ethyl 2-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionate fumarate

Appearance: slightly yellow crystals (EtOH)
m.p. 158-159 °C

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Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄ • C ₄ H ₄ O ₄			
Calcd.	C: 52.85; C: 52.67;	H: 6.05; H: 5.94;	N: 8.40 N: 8.39
Found			

Example 52: Ethyl cis-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]acetate hydrochloride

10

Appearance: colorless needles (MeOH)
m.p. 225-226 °C

15

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 49.04; C: 48.89;	H: 6.29; H: 6.14;	N: 9.53 N: 9.44
Found			

20 Example 53: Ethyl cis-4-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]butyrate hydrochloride

Appearance: colorless crystals (EtOH)
m.p. 218-219.5 °C

25

Anal. C ₂₀ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl			
Calcd.	C: 51.73; C: 51.45;	H: 6.73; H: 6.64;	N: 9.05 N: 8.98
Found			

30 Example 54: Ethyl cis-6-[4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]hexanoate hydrochloride

35

Appearance: colorless crystals (EtOH)
m.p. 207-208.5 °C

40

Anal. C ₂₂ H ₃₄ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 53.17; C: 52.95;	H: 7.20; H: 7.09;	N: 8.46 N: 8.35
Found			

45 Example 55: Ethyl [2-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]acetate hydrochloride

Appearance: pale yellow crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 203-204 °C

50

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl			
Calcd.	C: 48.35; C: 48.12;	H: 5.97; H: 6.03;	N: 9.95 N: 9.75
Found			

55

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Example 56: Ethyl 4-[2-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]butyrate hydrochloride

Appearance: pale yellow crystals (EtOH)
m.p. 196-197 °C

5

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₈ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl • 1/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 49.68; C: 49.59;	H: 6.58; H: 6.65;	N: 9.15 N: 9.10
Found			

10

Example 57: Ethyl [3-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]acetate

15 Appearance: pale yellow oil

IR Spectrum ν (liq.) cm⁻¹ : 1744, 1632

NMR Spectrum δ (CDCl₃) ppm: 1.27(3H,t,J = 7.0Hz), 1.46-1.69(1H,m), 1.93-2.14(1H,m), 2.38-2.99(5H,m), 3.24-3.54(4H,m), 3.89(3H,s), 4.18(2H,q,J = 7.0Hz), 4.39(2H,br-s), 6.29(1H,s), 7.81(1H,br-s), 8.09(1H,s)

20

High Resolution Mass Spectrum : C ₁₇ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₄		
Calc. m/z	369.1455, 369.1466,	371.1426 371.1439
Found m/z		

25

Example 58: [4-[(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetic acid hydrochloride

To a suspension of 2.23 g of ethyl [4-[(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetate in 22 ml of methanol, 9.86 ml of 2N sodium hydroxide solution was added and the mixture was refluxed for 1 hour. After methanol was removed by distillation under reduced pressure, 10% hydrochloric acid was added to the residue and pH was adjusted to 2. After the mixture was cooled to 5 °C, crystals precipitated were collected by filtration and washed with water to give 1.47 g of pale brown crystals. Recrystallization from water gave pale yellow prisms, m.p. 248-251 °C (decomp.).

35

Anal. C ₁₅ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 47.07; C: 47.34;	H: 5.66; H: 5.58;	N: 10.98 N: 11.08
Found			

40

In the same manner as Example 58, the compounds of Examples 59-68 were obtained.

Example 59: 4-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]butyric acid hydrochloride

45 Appearance: pale yellow prisms (H₂O)
m.p. 228.5-231.5 °C

50

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 48.12; C: 47.97;	H: 6.41; H: 6.34;	N: 9.90 N: 10.12
Found			

55

Example 60: 6-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]hexanoic acid hydrochloride

Appearance: slightly brown prisms (H₂O)
m.p. 223-225 °C

5

Anal. C ₁₉ H ₂₈ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 50.45;	H: 6.91;	N: 9.29
Found	C: 50.33;	H: 6.84;	N: 9.25

Example 61: 3-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionic acid hydrochloride

10 Appearance: colorless needles (H₂O)
m.p. 218-219.5 °C

15

Anal. C ₁₆ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl			
Calcd.	C: 48.99;	H: 5.91;	N: 10.71
Found	C: 48.80;	H: 5.84;	N: 10.68

Example 62: 5-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]valeric acid hydrochloride
20

Appearance: colorless crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 226-227.5 °C

25

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₄ • HCl • H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 49.32;	H: 6.67;	N: 9.59
Found	C: 49.18;	H: 6.45;	N: 9.54

30

Example 63: 2-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]propionic acid

Appearance: pale yellow crystals (H₂O)
m.p. 246-247 °C

35

Anal. C ₁₆ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₄ • 5/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 50.79;	H: 6.53;	N: 11.11
Found	C: 50.59;	H: 6.25;	N: 11.06

40

Example 64: cis-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]acetic acid

Appearance: colorless needles (H₂O)
45 m.p. 230-233 °C (decomp.)

50

Anal. C ₁₆ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O ₅ • 5/2H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 46.10;	H: 6.53;	N: 10.08
Found	C: 46.18;	H: 6.57;	N: 10.00

55

Example 65: cis-4-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]butyric acid hydrochloride

Appearance: colorless needles (H₂O)
m.p. 232-234.5 °C (decomp.)

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5

Anal. C ₁₈ H ₂₆ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl • 1/4H ₂ O			
Calcd.	C: 49.04; C: 49.03;	H: 6.29; H: 6.19;	N: 9.53 N: 9.77
Found			

Example 66: cis-6-[4-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-3-methoxypiperidino]hexanoic acid hydrochloride

10

Appearance: colorless prisms (H₂O)
m.p. 232.5-235.5 °C (decomp.)

15

Anal. C ₂₀ H ₃₀ ClN ₃ O ₅ • HCl			
Calcd.	C: 51.73; C: 51.52;	H: 6.73; H: 6.62;	N: 9.05 N: 8.90
Found			

20

Example 67: [2-[(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]acetic acid

Appearance: slightly yellow crystals (MeOH)
m.p. 208-210 °C

25

Anal. C ₁₅ H ₂₀ ClN ₃ O ₅			
Calcd.	C: 50.35; C: 50.04;	H: 5.63; H: 5.53;	N: 11.74 N: 11.63
Found			

30

Example 68: 4-[2-[(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)methyl]morpholino]butyric acid

Appearance: colorless needles (EtOH)
m.p. 194-195 °C

35

40

Anal. C ₁₇ H ₂₄ ClN ₃ O ₅			
Calcd.	C: 52.92; C: 52.60;	H: 6.27; H: 6.09;	N: 10.89 N: 10.83
Found			

45

50

Formulation 1		
Compound of Example 23		5 mg
Lactose		suitable amount
Comstarch		15 mg
Magnesium Stearate		1 mg
		80 mg

66

5

Formulation 2	
Compound of Example 23	5 mg
Lactose	siutable amount
Cornstarch	15 mg
Magnesium Stearate	1 mg
Hydroxypropylmethylcellulose	4 mg
Polyethylene glycol 6000	0.5 mg
Titanium Oxide	0.5 mg
	100 mg

10

15

Formulation 3	
Compound of Example 23	10 mg
Lactose	siutable amount
D-mannitol	500 mg
Hydroxypropylcellulose	20 mg
Talc	2 mg
	1,000 mg

20

25

30

Formulation 4	
Compound of Example 23	5 mg
Citric Acid	0.5 mg
Glucose	50 mg
Sodium Hydroxide	siutable amount
Distilled Water for Injection	siutable amount
	1 ml

35

40

Formulation 5	
Compound of Example 23	5 mg
Hard Fat	1,295 mg
	1,300 mg

45

Industrial Applicability

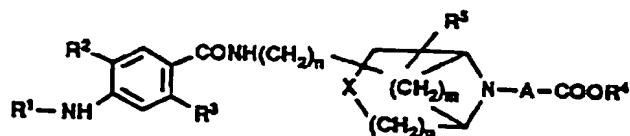
As explained above, the novel benzamide derivatives of the present invention represented by formula (I) have excellent gastrointestinal stimulating activity and antiemetic activity and thus are useful for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases.

50

Claims

1. A benzamide derivative represented by the following formula:

5

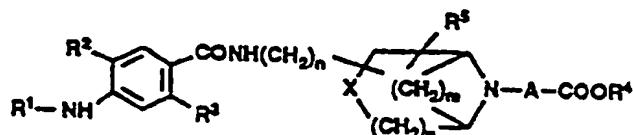


10

wherein, R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkanoyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom; R³ represents a lower alkoxy group; R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl C₁-C₇ alkylene group which may optionally be substituted with a lower alkyl group; A represents C₁-methylene group, an oxygen atom, or a sulfur atom; m represents an integer of from 0 to 3; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of from 0 to 2, and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof

2. Ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetate and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
3. Endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]acetic acid and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
4. Ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyrate and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
5. Endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl]butyric acid and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
6. Ethyl endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetate and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
7. Endo-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]acetic acid and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
8. Ethyl endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyrate and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
9. Endo-4-[3-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)-8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-yl]butyric acid and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
10. Ethyl [4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetate and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
11. [4-(4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzamido)piperidino]acetic acid and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof.
12. A process for preparing a benzamide derivative represented by the following formula:

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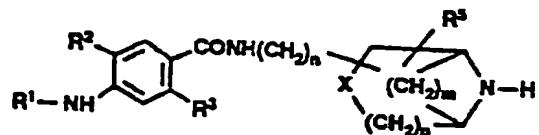


5 wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkanoyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom; R³ represents a lower alkoxy group; R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group; R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower alkoxy group; A represents C₁-C₇ alkylene group which may optionally be substituted with a lower alkyl group; X represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom, or a sulfur atom; m represents an integer of from 0 to 3; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of from 0 to 2 and a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises the steps of:

(a) reacting a compound represented by the following formula:

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20 wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkanoyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom; R³ represents a lower alkoxy group; R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower alkoxy group; X represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom, or a sulfur atom; m represents an integer of from 0 to 3; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of from 0 to 2,

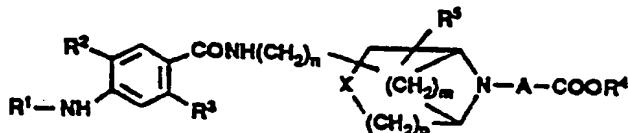
25 with a compound represented by the following formula:

26 Y-A-CO₂R⁶ or CH=CH₂CO₂R⁶ (III)

30 wherein R⁶ represents a lower alkyl, A represents C₁-C₇ alkylene group which may optionally be substituted with a lower alkyl group, and Y represents a halogen atom, and

(b) halogenating or hydrolyzing the product obtained by the above step (a), if desired.

35 13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a benzamide derivative represented by the following formula:



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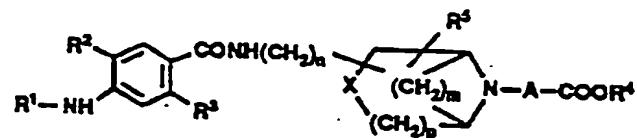
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wherein R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkanoyl group; R² represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom; R³ represents a lower alkoxy group; R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group; R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower alkoxy group; A represents C₁-C₇ alkylene group which may optionally be substituted with a lower alkyl group; X represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom, or a sulfur atom; m represents an integer of from 0 to 3; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of from 0 to 2 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.

50 14. The composition according to claim 13, which is useful for the treatment of gastrointestinal diseases.

55 15. A method for treatment of gastrointestinal diseases comprising the step of administering to a patient an effective amount of a benzamide derivative represented by the following formula:

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10 wherein R^1 represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkanoyl group; R^2 represents a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom; R^3 represents a lower alkoxy group; R^4 represents a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group; R^5 represents a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, or a lower alkoxy group; A represents $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_7$ alkylene group which may optionally be substituted with a lower alkyl group; X represents a 15 methylene group, an oxygen atom, or a sulfur atom; m represents an integer of from 0 to 3; n represents an integer of from 0 to 3; and p represents an integer of from 0 to 2 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No. PCT/JP92/00134

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all)

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC

Int. Cl⁵ C07D207/14, C07D211/62, C07D265/30, C07D451/14,
C07D471/08, A61K31/40, A61K31/46, A61K31/435

II. FIELDS SEARCHED

Classification System	Classification Symbols	Minimum Documentation Searched
		Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched
IPC	C07D207/14, C07D211/62, C07D265/30, C07D451/14, C07D471/08, A61K31/40-31/46	

III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to Claim No.
X	JP, A, 1-50883 (Fordonal, S.A.), February 27, 1989 (27. 02. 89) & US, A, 4877780 & EP, A, 302699	1-9, 12-14
A	JP, A, 58-10578 (Beecham Group PLC), January 21, 1983 (21. 01. 83), (Family: none)	1-9, 12-14
A	JP, A, 52-122379 (Antonio Garald S.A.), October 14, 1977 (14. 10. 77) & US, A, 4163789 & DE, A, 2706038	10, 11
A	JP, A, 61-63642 (Bristol-Myers Co.), April 1, 1986 (01. 04. 86) & US, A, 4808624 & DE, A, 3523076	10, 11

* Special categories of cited documents:

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- "Z" document member of the same patent family

IV. CERTIFICATION

Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search

April 17, 1992 (17. 04. 92)

Date of Mailing of this International Search Report

May 12, 1992 (12. 05. 92)

International Searching Authority

Japanese Patent Office

Signature of Authorized Officer